## Video Notes for Newton's Second Law

## Central Questions:

- What does Newton's Second Law say?
- How can one use Newton's Second Law to predict the effect that changes in net force or mass have upon acceleration?


## Newton's Second Law:

The acceleration (a) is directly proportional to the net force (Fnet) experienced by the object and inversely proportional to the mass ( m ) of the object. These proportionalities are often expressed by the equation $\mathrm{a}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{net}} / \mathrm{m}$.

Acceleration and Net Force
Acceleration is directly proportional to the net force.
By whatever factor the net force is changed, the acceleration is changed by the same factor.


## Practice

An object has an acceleration of $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$. If the net force acting upon this object were $\qquad$ then its new acceleration would be $\qquad$ $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$.

|  | Original <br> Accel'n | $\Delta$ made to <br> F net (1st $^{\text {st }}$ blank) | $\Delta$ made to <br> Accel'n | New Accel'n <br> $(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#1 | $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ | doubled | $\times 2$ | $48 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| \#2 | $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ | tripled | $\times 3$ | $72 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| \#3 | $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ | halved | $\div 2$ | $12 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| \#4 | $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ | quartered | $\div 4$ | $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## Acceleration and Mass

Acceleration is inversely proportional to the mass.
By whatever factor the mass is changed, the acceleration is changed by the inverse or reciprocal factor.

Double m $\quad$ Halve a Triple m $\quad$ One-third a
Halve $\mathrm{m} \quad \square$ Doublea

## Practice

An object has an acceleration of $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$. If the mass of this object were $\qquad$ _, then its new acceleration would be $\qquad$ $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$.

|  | Original <br> Accel'n | $\Delta$ made to <br> $\mathrm{m}\left(1^{\text {st }}\right.$ blank) | $\Delta$ made to <br> Accel'n | New Accel'n <br> $(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#1 | $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ | doubled | $\div 2$ | $12 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\# 2$ | $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ | tripled | $\div 3$ | $8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| \#3 | $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ | halved | $\mathbf{x 2}$ | $48 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\# 4$ | $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ | quartered | $\mathbf{x 4}$ | $96 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## Changes to Both Variables

When both net force and mass are changed, you must make two changes to the acceleration value to determine the new value.
Be systematic. Take your time. Organize your solution. Apply the same principles.

## Practice

An object has an acceleration of $24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$. If the net force were tripled and the mass were doubled, then its new acceleration would be $\qquad$ $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$.

Two changes: Triple Fnet; Double m

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Triple } \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{net}} \square \text { Triple a } \square \times 3 \\
& \text { Double } \mathrm{m} \longmapsto \text { Halve a } \square \div 2 \\
& \mathrm{a}_{\text {new }}=(24 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}) \times 3 \div 2=36 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}
\end{aligned}
$$

