Entropy

Activity 1: Two Truths and a Lie Question Group 1 Question 1

For synthesis reactions in which elements combine to form more complex compounds, the entropy decreases.

A system in which the components are highly-dispersed or randomly scattered is a lowentropy system.

A gas has a higher entropy than the liquid from which it was formed.

Question 2

The change of a system from a highly-structured state to a highly-disordered represents a decrease in entropy.

A system in which the components are highly-dispersed or randomly scattered is a highentropy system.

A liquid has a higher entropy than the solid from which it was formed.

Question 3

The dissolving of a solid represents an increase in entropy since the components of the solid become dispersed about the solution.

A gas has a higher entropy than the liquid from which it was formed.

The change of a system from a highly-disordered state to a highly-structured state represents an increase in entropy.

Question Group 2 Question 4

A system in which the components are highly-ordered or structured is a low-entropy system. A system that changes from a highly-structured state to a highly-disordered state has a positive entropy change.

A process in which the system has a positive entropy change value will always occur.

Question 5

A system that changes from a highly-structured state to a highly-disordered state has a positive entropy change.

A process in which the system has a negative entropy change value will never occur.

A gas has a higher entropy than the liquid from which it was formed.

A process in which the entropy of the system decreases can never occur. The mixing of two separate gases represents an increase in entropy. A system in which the components are highly-dispersed or randomly scattered is a highentropy system.

Question Group 3 Question 7

An increase in the temperature of a gas will increase the entropy of the system. The mixing of two separate gas represents an increase in entropy. Solids have zero entropy because their particles do not move.

Question 8

Entropy is just a fancy chemistry term for energy; they are essentially the same thing. For synthesis reactions in which elements combine to form more complex compounds, the entropy decreases.

A system in which the components are highly-dispersed or randomly scattered is a highentropy system.

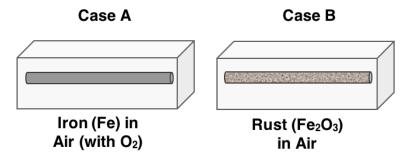
Question 9

A gas has a higher entropy than the liquid from which it was formed.

Entropy is just a fancy chemistry term for energy; they are essentially the same thing. A system in which the components are highly-ordered or structured is a low-entropy system.

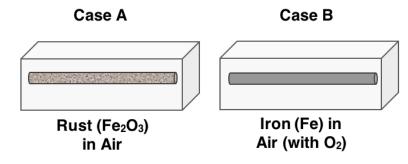
Activity 2: Case Studies Question Group 4 Question 10

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?

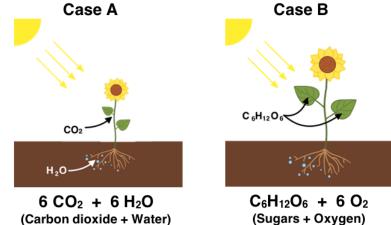


Question 11

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?

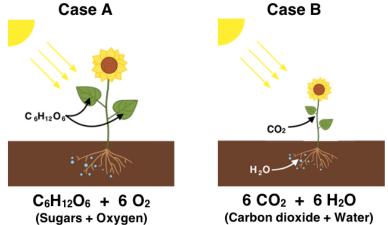


Question 12



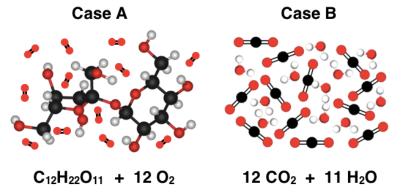
(Sugars + Oxygen)

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?

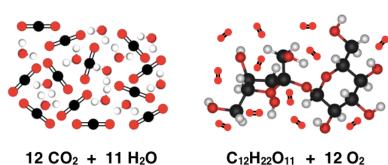


Question Group 5 Question 14

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?

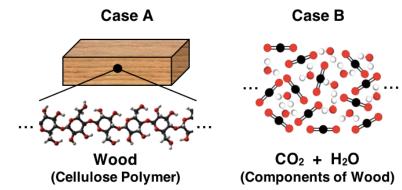


Question 15



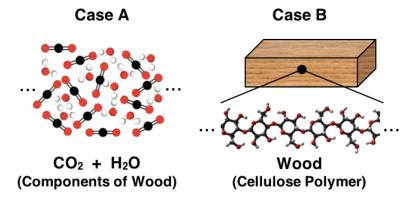
 $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11} + 12 O_2$

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?



Question 17

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?



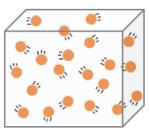
Question Group 6 Question 18

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?



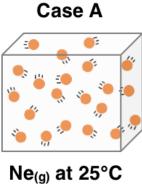
Ne_(g) at 300°C

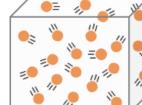




Ne_(g) at 25°C

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?





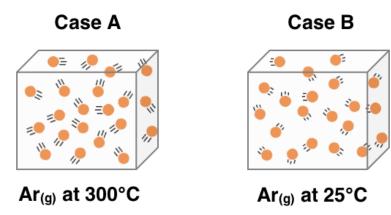
Ne_(g) at 300°C

Case B

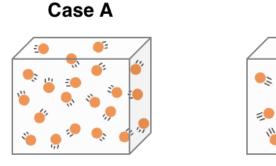
С

Question 20

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?

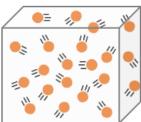


Question 21



Ar_(g) at 25°C

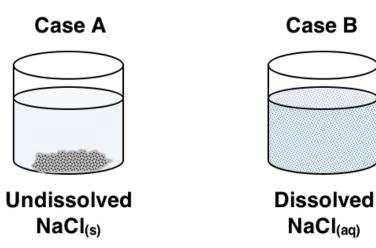




 $Ar_{(g)}$ at 300°C

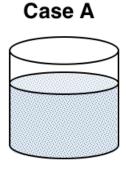
Question Group 7 Question 22

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?



Question 23

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?



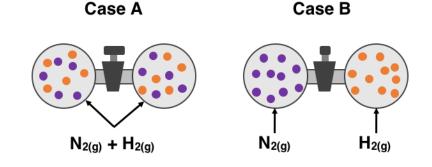
Dissolved NaCl_(aq)

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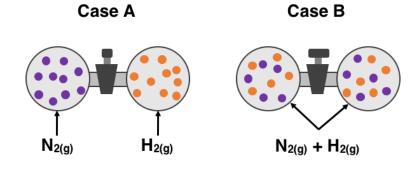
Case B

Undissolved NaCl_(s)

Question 24



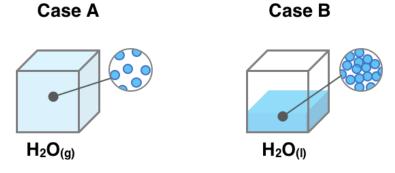
Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?



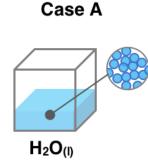
Question Group 8

Question 26

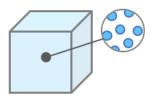
Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?



Question 27





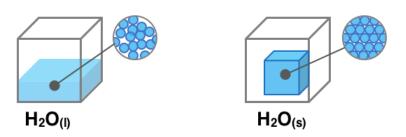


 $H_2O_{(g)}$

Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?

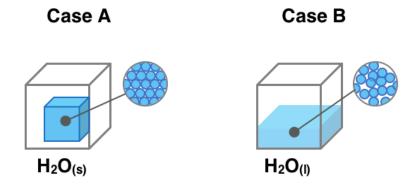
Case A

Case B

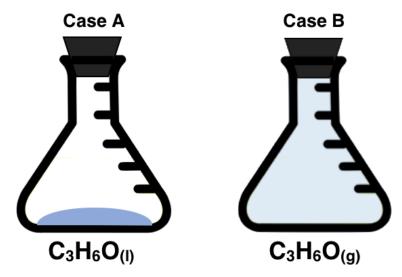


Question 29

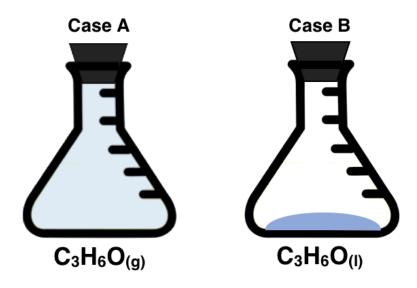
Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?



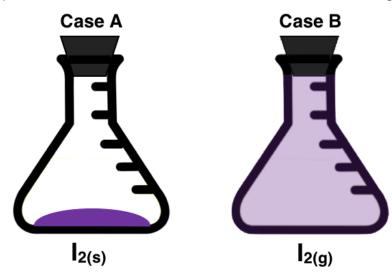
Question Group 9 Question 30

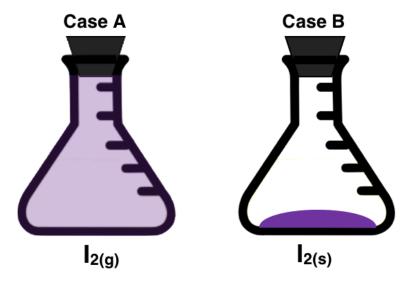


Consider the two systems described below. Which case -A or B -has the greatest entropy?



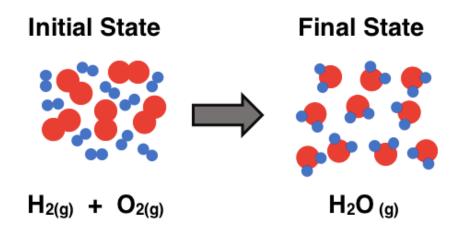
Question 32



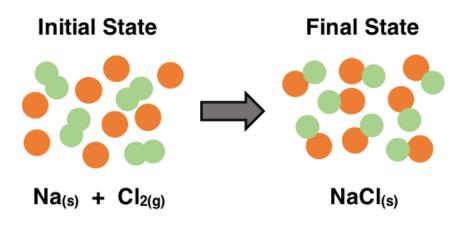


Activity 3: Entropy Changes Question Group 10 Question 34

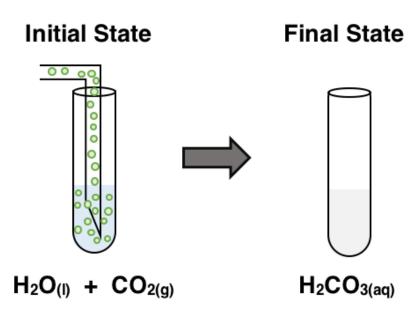
Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?



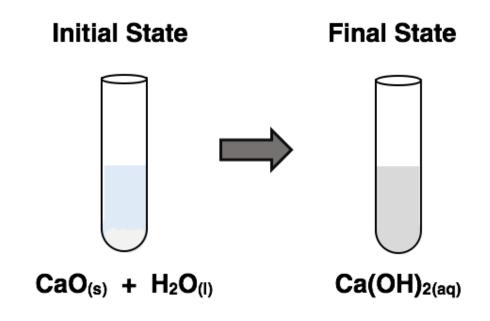
Question 35



Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?

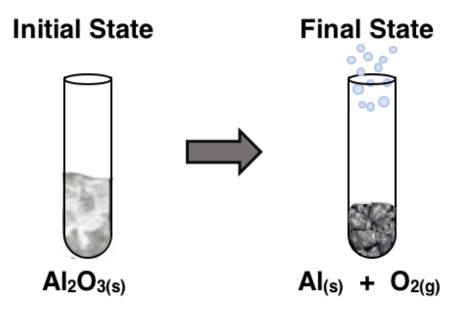


Question 37



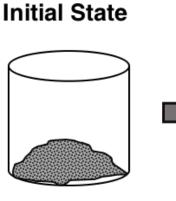
Question Group 11 Question 38

Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?



Question 39

Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?

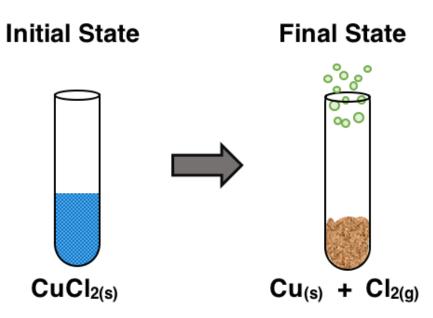


CaCO_{3(s)}

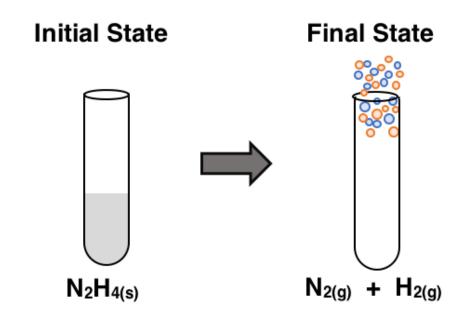
Final State

CaO(s) + CO_{2(g)}

Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?

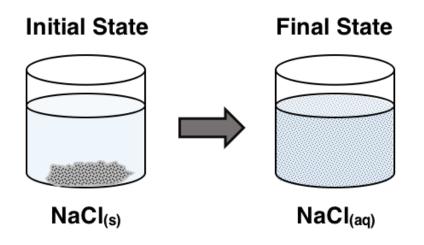


Question 41

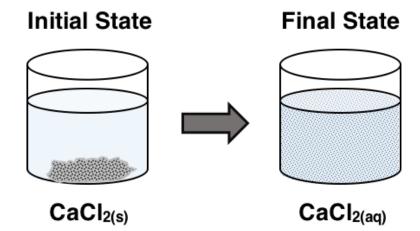


Question Group 12 Question 42

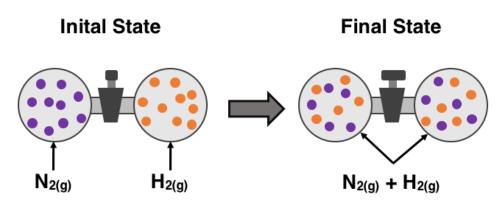
Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?



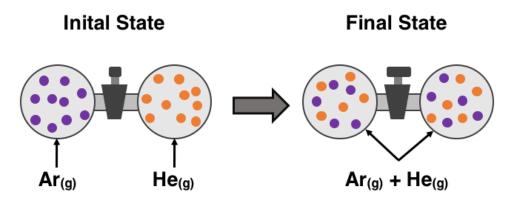
Question 43



Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?

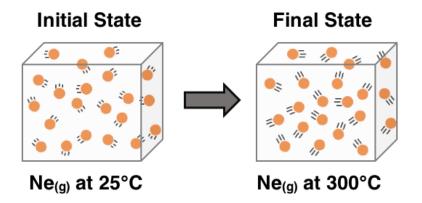


Question 45



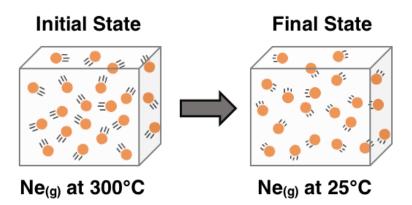
Question Group 13 Question 46

Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?

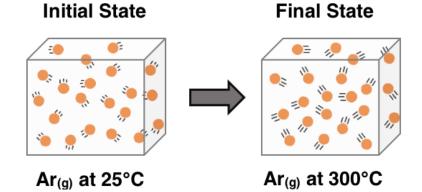


Question 47

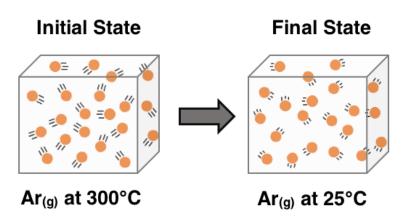
Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?



Question 48



Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?



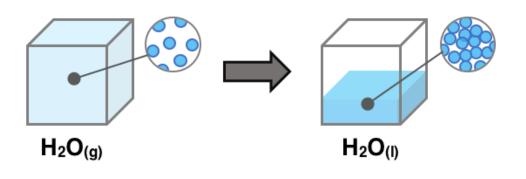
Question Group 14

Question 50

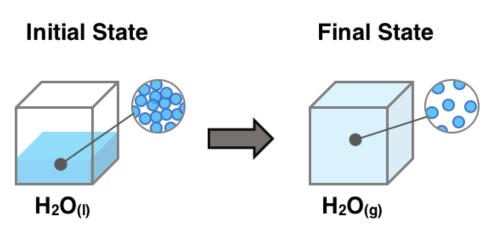
Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?

Initial State

Final State



Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?

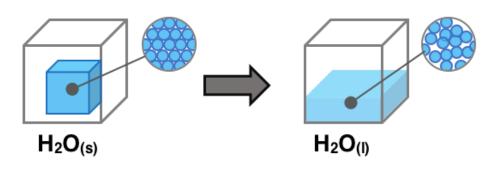


Question 52

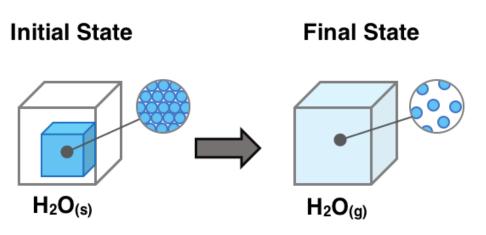
Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?

Initial State

Final State



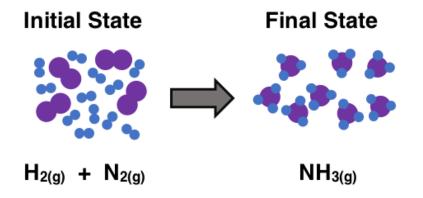
Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?



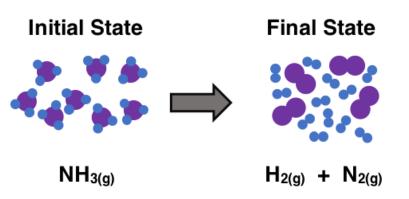
Question Group 15 Question 54

Question 54

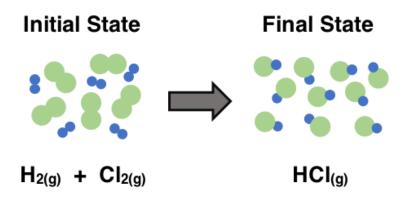
Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?



Question 55



Consider the process or change shown below. Will the entropy change (ΔS) be positive or negative?



Question 57

